



Criteria Reference Sheet

Considerations for Prioritization

Benefits (low, medium, high, very high)

- Scope and Scale of Outcome - The extent to which the management action, if successfully implemented, is likely to achieve the CWG vision, enhance/maintain the condition of the coral reef ecosystem, or reduce threats to the coral reef ecosystem.
- Duration of Outcome - The degree to which the management action, if successfully implemented, is likely to secure long-lasting environmental, social or economic benefits.
- Leverage - The degree to which the proposed management action, if successfully implemented, will support the implementation of other management actions (and thus achieve other important objectives).

Feasibility (low, medium, high, very high)

- Lead Individual or Institution - The availability of a lead individual or institution with sufficient time, skill, experience, institutional capacity, and authority to implement the management action.
- Ability to Motivate Key Stakeholders - The anticipated level of support by key stakeholders (e.g., landowners, public officials, interest groups) whose involvement is necessary to implement the management action.
- Ease of Implementation - Management actions that are less complex, have been successfully implemented previously, fit within SEFCRI strategic goals and objectives, and for which funding is accessible are more logistically feasible than other actions.

Cost (low, medium, high, very high)

- Direct Costs - The cost of one-time expenditures, annual expenditures (such as salaries, supplies, equipment, contracts, etc.), and number of staff necessary to implement the management action. Consider also the level of investment required to support recurring (versus one-time) costs
- Indirect Costs - The level of perceived or potential negative environmental, social, or economic impacts associated with the management action. Consider also the accrual of negative impacts that may result from recurring (versus one-time) indirect costs.